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Drought-tolerant Plants (2019)

"Drought-tolerant," as a category, can cover a range of ideas. On one hand, there are plants that have adapted to live on less water, and these thrive in situations in which the soil dries out thoroughly between deep-soaking rains (or hand-waterings, as the case may be). On the other hand, there are plants that, though they really only thrive and show their best with regular moisture, will *survive* periods of dryness, provided such periods are not of too great a duration. Choosing to grow more plants that truly have low water requirements is a proactive act of water conservation, as well as a reduction in the maintenance needed to have a pretty garden. Increasing the number of plants that can survive periods of drought, even though they might not flourish, can decrease the need (and expense) of replacing plants.

Even though a plant may be considered "drought-tolerant," this really only applies if the plant is established (i.e., settled in its new home and sending out roots into the surrounding soil). Until then, watering is necessary unless there are regular rains and the ground stays moist. Usually, 4 to 6 weeks of hand-watering is enough to get most "drought-tolerant" plants set and going.

Achillea (Yarrow)

Agastache (Anise Hyssop)

Agave

Allium (Ornamental Onion)

Andropogon gerardii (Big Bluestem)

Armeria (Thrift)

Artemisia

Asarum (Wild Ginger) – dry shade

Asclepias tuberosa (Butterfly Weed)

Asparagus

Baptisia (False Indigo)

Bay Laurel

Bignonia (Crossvine)
Blackberry (Rubus)
Boursinvilles

Bougainvillea

Buddleja (Butterfly Bush)

Calamagrostis (Feather Reed Grass)

Calendula

Campsis (Trumpet Creeper)
Caryopteris (Bluebeard)
Celosia (Cock's Comb)
Centranthus (Jupiter's Beard)
Clematis (some varieties)
Coreopsis (some varieties)
Cortaderia (Pampas Grass)
Crape Myrtle (Lagerstroemia)

Delosperma (Hardy Ice Plant)

Dianthus (some varieties)

Dusty Miller Echeveria Echibeckia

Echinacea (Coneflower)

Eragrostis spectabilis (Purple Love Grass)

Euonymus

Euphorbia (Spurge)
Festuca (Blue Fescue)
Gaillardia (Blanket Flower)

Gazania Gaura

Gelsemium (Swamp Jasmine) Geranium (Pelargonium) Germander (Teucrium)

Gomphrena

Gypsophila (Baby's Breath) Hedera (English Ivy) – dry shade Heliopsis (False Sunflower) Helleborus – dry shade Hemerocallis (Daylily) Hosta – dry shade Hypericum calycinum

Iris (Bearded)

Jasminum (Winter Jasmine) Kniphofia (Red Hot Poker) Lagerstroemia (Crape Myrtle)

Lantana Lavender

Leonotis (Lion's Ear)

Leucanthemum (Shasta Daisy)

Liatris (Gayfeather) Liriope (Monkey Grass) Lonicera (Honeysuckle) Loropetalum Mandevilla Mangave

Marigold

Marjoram, Sweet (Origanum maj. Compactum)

Melampodium Mint (Mentha) Miscanthus

Monardella macrantha

Muhlenbergia (Pink Muhly Grass)

Nandina

Nasella (Mexican Feather Grass)

Nepeta faassenii (Catmint)

Oenothera (Evening Primrose)

Ophiopogon (Mondo Grass)

Opuntia (Spineless Prickly Pear)

Oregano

Orostachys (Chinese Dunce Cap)

Othonna capensis

Pachysandra – dry shade

Panicum (Switch Grass)

Parthenocissus (Boston Ivy)

Passiflora (Passion Flower)

Pennisetum (Fountain Grass)

Penstemon (Beardtongue)

Peonies (Paeonia)

Perovskia (Russian Sage)

Phlox (*Intensia Series*, an annual)

Phlox subulata (Creeping Phlox)

Platycodon (Balloon Flower)

Polygonum (Silver Lace Vine)

Polystichum (Christmas Fern)

Portulaca (Purslane)

Prunella grandiflora (Self-Heal)

Raspberry (Rubus)

Rosemary

Roses

Rubus (Creeping Raspberry)

Rudbeckia

Salvia (most kinds)

Santolina

Schizachyrium (Little Blue Stem)

Sedum

Sempervivum (Hen and Chicks)

Solanum (Variegated Potato Vine)

Solidago (Goldenrod)

Sporobulus (Prairie Dropseed)

Stachys (Lamb's Ear)

Stokesia (Stokes' Aster)

Strawberries (Fragaria)

Thyme

Tiarella (Foamflower)

Verbena

Vinca (both annual & perennial)

Weigela Wisteria Yucca

Zinnia